

CELESTIAL ASIA SECURITIES HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Stock code: 1049)

(38,962)

(32,479)

445,112

(10.3) cents

(10.3) cents

(29.465)

(6,391

(35,856)

535,274

(9.8) cents

(9.8) cents

(5)

INTERIM RESULTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2004

INTERIM RESULTS

Taxation charge

Minority interests

Loss per share

Basic

Loss before minority interests

Net loss attributable to shareholders

The unaudited consolidated results of Celestial Asia Securities Holdings Limited ("Company" or "CASH") and its subsidiaries ("Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2004 together with the comparative figures for the last corresponding period are as follows:

Unaudited six months ended 30 June 2003 Notes HK\$'000 HK\$'000 Turnover (2) 535,274 445,112 Other operating income 26,500 (271,459) (248,871) Salaries, allowances and commission (121.565)(91.536)(143,980) (138,461) Other operating, administrative and selling expenses Depreciation and amortisation (26.550)(28.329)(1,797)Write back of bad and doubtful debts 3.013 (1,580)Impairment loss recognised in respect of property and equipment (29,215)(38,962)(4)(250)

- Diluted

Basis of preparation and principal accounting policies
The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 25
"Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants and the applicable disclosure requirements of The Rules Governing the Listing of
Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules").

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in preparing the unaudited consolidated results are consistent with those used in the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003.

The unaudited consolidated results have not been audited by the Company's auditors, but have been reviewed by the Company's audit committee

Unaudited six months ended 30 June 2004 2003 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 Sales of furniture and household goods, net of discounts and returns
Fees and commission income
Interest income
Loss on trading of securities, options and futures and leveraged foreign exchange contracts
Information technology advisory income
Wholesale and retailing of branded household products 417,281 124,489 44 (10,547) 1,988 2,019

Income statement by business and geographical segments

come statement by business and geographical segments statement by business segments is management business segments are management purposes, the Group is currently organised into four main operating divisions, namely, financial services, retailing, investment holding, and others less divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information. Principal activities are as follows:

Financial services Broking, financing, proprietary trading, corporate finance services and wealth management Sales of furniture and household goods

Investment holding Strategic investments
Business solutions and brand management

Segment information about these businesses for the six months ended 30 June 2004 and 30 June 2003 is presented below Income statement for the six months ended 30 June 2004

	Financial services HK\$'000	Retailing HK\$'000	Investment holding HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
Turnover	119,428	418,810	(4,996)	2,032	535,274
Segment (loss) profit	25,368	(21,373)	(4,996)	(2,386)	(3,387)
Unallocated corporate expenses					(32,219)
Loss before taxation Taxation charge					(35,606) (250)
Net loss attributable to shareholders					(35,856)
Income statement for the six months ended 30 June 2003	Financial		Investment		

Consolidated HK\$'000 Retailing HK\$'000 Others HK\$'000 385,529 445,112 (11.632 (14,378 1.938 (1.893 (25,965) Segment (loss) profit Unallocated corporate expenses Partial reversal of allowance for a loan to an associate (included as other operating income) Impairment loss of property and equipment (31,434)(32,479)Loss before taxation Taxation charge Net loss attributable to shareholders (32,479

Geographical segments

The Group's turnover and loss before taxation for both periods were substantially derived from Hong Kong. Accordingly, no analysis by geographical segment is presented.

Taxation charge
Hong Kong profits tax for the period in 2004 has been provided at the rate of 17.5% on the estimated assessable profits for the Group companies after offsetting the respective tax losses brought forward.

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax for the period in 2003 has been made as the Group companies incurred tax losses for the period. No deferred tax asset in respect of tax losses has been recognised in the financial statements due to the unpredictability of future taxable profit streams

Loss per share
The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share for the six months ended 30 June 2004 together with the comparative figures for 2003 is based on the following data:

| Incodited |

	Unaudited six months ended 30 June 2004 2003 HK\$'000 HK\$'000	
Loss for the purposes of basic loss per share	(35,856)	(32,479)
Adjustment to the share of result of a subsidiary based on dilution of its earnings per share	(3)	=
Loss for the purpose of diluted loss per share	(35,859)	(32,479)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic loss per share	365,483,827	314,765,595
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares assumed exercise of share options	N/A	N/A
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted loss per share	365,483,827	314,765,595

The calculation of diluted loss per share for the period of 2004 did not

adjust the share of result of a subsidiary as the subsidiary incurred loss; and

assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options as their exercise would result in a reduction in loss per share

The calculation of diluted loss per share for the period of 2003 did not: (i) adjust the share of result of subsidiaries as the exercise prices of the outstanding share options of the subsidiaries were higher than the average market price of the

(ii) assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options as the exercise prices of those options were higher than the average market price of the shares.

DIVIDEND The Board does not recommend the payment of any interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2004 (2003: Nil)

REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

Financial Review

For the six months ended 30 June 2004, our Group recorded a 20.3% increase in turnover to HK\$535.3 million when compared with the same period last year. During the period, CASH Financial Services Group Limited ("CFSG") recorded a 102.3% increase in turnover to HK\$120.7 million. The increase mirrored the improving investment sentiment in the local stock market as the first half of this year saw a 140.0% improvement in the turnover of securities trading on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange compared with that of last year. CFSG enjoyed a net profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$26.1 million, representing a turnaround from the loss of HK\$12.4 million for the same period last year. For Pricerite Group Limited ("Pricerite"), it recorded a 7.5% increase in turnover to HK\$417.3 million. However, Pricerite suffered a net loss attributable to shareholders of HK\$19.9 million for the period, reviewing that the economic recovery in furniture and household markets was lagging behind other retail sectors which benefited from the increasing Chinese tourists flow into Hong Kong since the second half of 2003. After taking into account the investment loss incurred from trading listed securities and the costs of developing our global distribution network for our branded products, our Group recorded a net loss attributable to shareholders of HK\$35.9 million for the period under review. The resulting total shareholders' equity for the Group on 30 June 2004 amounted to HK\$305.0 million, as compared to HK\$340.9 million at end of last year.

On 30 June 2004, our cash and bank balances stood at HK\$632.7 million as compared to HK\$664.5 million on 31 December 2003. The slight decrease in cash balances was mainly due to (1) the increase in the Group's listed securities investment; (2) the consideration paid for the property acquired in April 2004; and (3) the operating loss incurred for the period. Despite the mild reduction in cash balances, our liquidity ratio remained healthy at 1.2 times on 30 June 2004, virtually unchanged from 31 December 2003.

Our total bank borrowings on 30 June 2004 slightly increased to HK\$342.3 million from HK\$341.9 million on 31 December 2003. As at the end of the period, the ratio of the total bank borrowings to shareholders' equity was 1.1 as compared to 1.0 on 31 December 2003. We are confident that the gearing was maintained at a prudent level, especially when the majority of our bank borrowings were used in back-to-back margin financing for the clients of

All of the Group's borrowings are either in HK dollar or US dollar, with the interest rates priced at close to banks' funding costs. By using effective instrument to hedge any adverse changes in foreign exchange and interest rates, the Group's exposure to both foreign currency and interest rate fluctuation was insignificant. On 30 June 2004, the Group's listed investment securities were valued at HK\$112.3 million and a loss on investment of HK\$10.5 million was recorded for the period.

As at 30 June 2004, leasehold properties at their carrying value of approximately HK\$68.8 million, bank deposits of HK\$20.8 million and listed investment securities valued at HK\$239.4 million were pledged to secure a bank term loan and general banking facilities granted to three subsidiaries. Save as aforesaid, the Group had no other material contingent liabilities at end of the period.

In December 2003, our Group entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement to acquire the entire equity interest in a company, which would hold a property in Beijing, China, at a consideration of approximately HK\$233.7 million. The acquisition was expected to complete in late April 2004. On 24 May 2004, our Group entered into a cancellation agreement to terminate the said sale and purchase and had released our Group from all its obligations under the said conditional sale and purchase agreement.

In April, the Group completed the acquisition of a residential property located in Hong Kong at a consideration of approximately HK\$39.4 million. Save as aforesaid, our Group did not make any other material acquisitions or disposals, or hold any other significant investment during the six months ended 30 June 2004. We do not have any future plans for material investments or capital assets.

Industry Review

The Hong Kong economy continued to gather momentum on the back of the US economic recovery and the strong rebound in domestic consumption. With the improvement of consumer spending, investment sentiment improved and the average daily turnover by value for the first six months of 2004 on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange increased to HK\$16,508 million from HK\$7,110 million during the same period in 2003.

Retail sales in the first half of 2004 improved by 13.4% in value or 11.2% in volume; while in June 2004, the value of total retail sales increased by 14.5% as compared with June 2003. However, while Pricerite's revenue registered improvements, we continued to combat the residue effect of the poor economic fundamentals during the past two years as consumer price sensitivity continued to hamper efforts to improve gross profit margins. This was reflected in the 1.3% year-on-year decrease in Composite Consumer Price Index for the first half of 2004, with specific yearlong decline registered in durable goods. This shows that despite the retail market is recovering as a whole, our household sector is still suffering from price and margin pressures.

Business Review

The persistent pursuit of CFSG on product diversification and focus on cost leadership continued to be the primary drivers of its business growth during the first half of the year. The market recovery was, however, hampered by a number of external uncertainties emerging during the second quarter. These include the concern of an overheating economy in Mainland China and its ability to engineer an economic soft-landing; the rising interest rate pressure in the US as the US economy continued to show signs of recovery; and the rising energy prices.

During the period, despite rising costs resulting from the recovering Hong Kong economy, CFSG managed to maintain its cost leadership objective to keep the cost structure lean and effective.

At the same time, we continued to diversify CFSG's product offerings so as to further establish CFSG as the financial services house of choice for its

As part of our wealth management and brokerage integration initiatives, an investment centre at Hunghom was opened in May. Since its opening, a number of investment seminars were held for the local community and subsequently attracted many prospective clients to sign up for our service. In addition, we have also put in an investment centre in CFSG's main office for clients to research and gather investment information.

The growth of CFSG's wealth management business, CASH Frederick Taylor, acquired in July 2003, is on course. As the business continues to grow, in less than twelve months, its contribution to CFSG has exceeded 12% in the second quarter. CFSG will continue to expand its customer base and enhance product offerings by leveraging on the cross-selling synergy within CFSG.

CFSG's investment banking division participated in a number of major IPOs in the Hong Kong market in the second quarter. We expect our investment

banking division to remain active in the IPO market as a sponsor and underwriter in the second half. For the six months under review, CFSG's turnover was made up of 83.9% from fees and commission income from our brokerage and wealth management

businesses, with the remaining 14.0% and 2.1% from financing business and investment banking, respectively

For Pricerite

Despite continued margin pressure, Pricerite continued to sharpen its business edges to provide the best value and quality lifestyle and basic home improvement solutions to customers. More importantly, we have made significant progress towards expanding our business reach internationally and in

Mainland China

Merchandising Re-engineering to Improve Overall Product Efficiency and Hence Profitability We maintained our philosophy to meeting the needs of our customers as our primary management objective during the first half of 2004. Complete revamp of Pricerite's merchandise has been carried out during the period under review. Outdated and slow-moving merchandises were replaced with the more fashionable and needful products. Centralised purchasing has been launched to further improve the overall product efficiency. Product range planning has also been implemented to better match customer preferences with our product offerings. Constant reviews on product performance were systemised, so as to lower our inventory level. Strategic alliances were also made with quality vendors. In a nutshell, our aim is to offer our customers with a wide selection of quality merchandise at value-for-money prices.

Furthermore, Pricerite continued to invest in the management information system so as to maximise the supply chain efficiency. System integrity for data-mining was enhanced and linked with Pricerite's replenishment system, facilitating the implementation of pricing and merchandising strategies and eventually to improve its gross profit margin and better control its inventories.

Strengthening the Brand with the Relationship of Customers In order to better serve the customers, Pricerite launched "The Club" – a loyalty programme to Pricerite's customers during the period under review. The Club was launched in June with over 5,000 quality members. We target to recruit 10,000 members eventually to enable us to develop and tailor the most suitable marketing strategy to our members to maximise revenue. Furthermore, we continued our joint promotion programmes with major merchants and credit card companies to provide promotional offers to our customers. To name a few, they include Warner Brothers, HSBC, American Express, Bank of East Asia, and Nestle.

Fine Tuning Our Network to Better Serve the Hong Kong Community

During the period, we continued our regular review on individual store contribution to overall profitability. As a result of this continuing exercise, we closed a total of three stores that were below our performance targets, namely, Riviera Garden, Wo Che and Manly Plaza. As at 30 June 2004, Pricerite's store network comprised a total of 42 stores. At the same time, as part of our initiatives to fine tune our network coverage to better serve the Hong Kong community and to test potential for new possible site locations, we conducted road shows in shopping malls in Siu Sai Wan, Sau Mau Ping and Taipo.

Simultaneously, we locked in a new site planned for opening at Metro City Plaza, Tseung Kwan O in August 2004.

Enhancing Customer Service Enhancing Customer Service We continued to organise Mystery Shoppers Programme and Outstanding Customer Service Awards Programmes to enhance customer service and store management quality. We maintained our commitment to staff development registering over 1,000 training hours during the first half of 2004 on customer

service, product knowledge, sales techniques and system and procedures. Our dedication to enhancing our services culminated in two Distinguished Salesperson Awards and one Outstanding Young Salesperson Award being presented to Pricerite's frontline staff in the 36th Distinguished Salesperson Award Programme as organised by The Hong Kong Management Association in June 2004. Participants of the said programme mainly came from the service sector like banks, insurance company, airlines, telecommunications companies and property agencies.

Improving Customers' Shopping Experience

During the period, we maintained our goal to improve the shopping environment in our stores and continued with Pricerite's store image revamping initiative with a systematic programme to replace the previous corporate identity with the new identity system to standardise corporate identity and

Simultaneously, we began a programme of revamping the layouts of our stores and improving the location of our product departments according to customer flow as well as our new product strategy.

Pricerite also started rolling out the Planogram system to increase its product display efficiency. This new system was first launched in its category-killer

sections in April 2004, with the rest of the product departments scheduled to be implemented in the coming months.

We continued our on-going efforts to enhance our operational system efficiency and effectiveness. We applied advanced technology to daily operations such as computerised ordering system, warehouse management system and inventory management system. We also established Key Performance Indicators for monitoring the business performance and to perform industry performance bench-marking.

Simultaneously, we strengthened the management information system for management decision-making For Halo Group Limited ("Halo")

During the first half of 2004, Halo continued to develop its client base and product portfolio in both corporate and retail markets. For the corporate market, e-marketing products have been successfully developed and launched, which were well received by our clients. For the retail market, the breakthrough concept "Halo 3C Zone" has been launched in selected Pricerite stores, offering consumer electronic and IT products and advisory services, including the provision of our established brand of personal computers "Halo PC". For Cosmos Global Limited ("CGL") During the first six months of 2004, CGL participated and exhibited in four international exhibitions in the United Kingdom, South Korea, and Hong Kong. The development of our distribution network continued with the number of retail outlets carrying brands under CGL's management expanding to over 1,000. Our distribution in Malaysia, South Korea and Australia began operation. Significant inroads were made as a result of our trade fair participations in terms of development of our distribution reach through potential partnerships and CGL is in active dialogues with multiple parties with the aim to begin distribution into North America, Europe and additional Asian territories.

China and International Business Development To further strengthen Pricerite's presence in Guangzhou, we began a relocation programme to move the existing store from the southern region to the Tian He area in the northern region. The target opening for the new store in this Northern Guangzhou area is planned for the second half of this year. The new store is favourably located at a popular shopping area with proximity to excellent customer traffic and easy access to the subway network. The move is expected to boost both Pricerite's sales and corporate image in Guangzhou. Similar location strategy will be adopted in Pricerite's future store

selection in Guangzhou. In Shenzhen, Pricerite's fourth outlet was opened in the new B&Q home decoration and building materials mall in the second quarter. The new outlet offers a specific series of products on a modern lifestyle concept. Business progress on the Shenzhen outlets has been satisfactory.

Pricerite International In 2004, Pricerite has secured a supply chain management contract with Abdulrahman Saad Al-Rashid and Sons Company Limited (ARTAR Group), a Saudi investment group, for setting up a new retail store in Riyadh, which is expected to open in June 2005, marking Pricerite's move from a local retailer into an international supply chain service provider.

We participated in several international trade fairs through joint initiatives between Pricerite, CGL and Halo including the Spring Fair in January as well as the BBC Good Homes Show in June at the National Exhibition Centre in Birmingham, United Kingdom. Market responses were highly positive resulting in negotiations to form long term partnerships and strategic alliances to develop international trading and supply chain management businesses

proceeding in earnest.

Outlook

On the external front, the US and the Japanese economies continue to show strong signs of recovery, strengthening the outlook for exports. The Chinese on the external front, the US and the Japanese economies continue to show storing signs of recovery, strengthening the outdook for exports. The Clinicse economy appears to be slowing but its growth rate appears to be sustainable at still a highly respectable rate of growth between 7 to 8%. Nevertheless, the tightening measures introduced since the second half of 2003 should have an impact on the economy, particularly the seemingly overheated sectors such as steel, aluminium, cement and property. Rising inflation in Mainland China might lead to interest rate hikes in the second half in 2004. In the US, the recent and expected hikes in interest rates will likely cause interest rates in Hong Kong and most part of the region to follow.

On the domestic front, the economy continues to show signs of strengthening and deflationary pressure seems to be easing. Unfortunately, high oil prices will likely have a dampening effect on growth. We expect that we shall continue to see fund-raising and financial advisory activities to rise as more Chinese private-sector companies express interest to

tap the capital markets abroad. This will boost the capital market activities and demand for professional services in Hong Kong. For our brokerage business, CFSG shall continue to maintain its vigilant cost management and control and at the same time continue to diversify its

client base. CFSG aims to continue with its plans to increase the integration of brokerage services and products with its wealth managemincrease income and build resilience against the cyclical nature of the brokerage business. CFSG plans to further expand its wealth management business to achieve its goal of diversifying CFSG's income streams. Savings-to-income ratio in Hong Kong is among the highest in the region. The penetration of wealth management service is still low in Hong Kong relative to that in the mature economies in the West. We are confident that the growth potential for the wealth management business is strong.

Mainland China's long-term economic outlook remains bright despite the near-term uncertainty over its ability to engineer an economic soft-landing. We Maniand China's long-term economic outlook remains origin despite the hear-term uncertainty over its ability to engineer an economic soft-landing. We anticipate that the Chinese authorities will focus more on the quality rather than the quantity of growth. Against a likely backdrop of a sustainable rate of economic growth in the range of 7 to 8%, we expect demand for equity funds, particularly from Chinese private-sector companies, will be strong. Hong Kong, with its unique position and a good understanding of the Mainland China, will continue to be the preferred destination for Mainland companies to raise funds through both the IPO market and secondary market. CFSG's investment banking division is strategically-positioned to capture these opportunities, especially in the SME (small and medium sized enterprises) segment, where we have developed a growing presence as well as a proven

As we emphasise the importance of business and revenue diversification, we will continue to position CFSG as the financial services house of choice and expand its product offerings and customer base through cross-selling synergies and new investment opportunities

For Pricerite

We anticipate that the economic recovery will continue for the rest of 2004. However, evidence has suggested that the increased revenues in the retail sector are mainly attributable to the few sectors that benefit directly from the influx of Chinese tourists to Hong Kong, such as branded garments, watches and jewellery, and consumer electronics.

Given this macroeconomic environment, we hold the view that consumption in furniture and household products will continue to improve, yet at a lower rate than the overly growth in retail sales. As the property market maintains its recovery, we believe that demand in furniture will continue to grow

We will continue to re-engineer Pricerite's merchandise mix so as to satisfy the ever-changing tastes of our customers All in all, we are in a view that the second half of 2004 will see further improvement in Pricerite's sales growth and gross contribution

Halo will continue to develop the marketing of consumer electronic and IT products, both locally and into the international markets, for example, Europe, Middle East and Asia. We will continue to expand our system integration and software businesses for our corporate clients. In particular, we plan to establish our presence in Mainland China in the second half of 2004, through strategic partnerships with major IT and software service providers, content providers and application technology vendors.

For Halo

For China and International Business Development In line with our China expansion plan, Pricerite has submitted an application for a solely-owned retail licence under CEPA in Mainland China in early 2004. We are among the first lot of applicants which has successfully obtained the approval from the Shanghai government authorities on the licence under CEPA in May. The application is now under final processing in the Ministry of Commerce in Beijing. The approval is expected to be obtained within the year. With the licence, we plan to open retail stores in Shanghai. These outlets will offer a well-selected mix of household products that specifically cater for the needs of the Shanghai consumers. At a later stage, we plan to extend Pricerite's retail network to other parts of Eastern China

aiming to capture the booming consumption power in the region.

Preparation for the opening of Pricerite's first Middle East flagship store will enter into its mission critical stage with confirmation of product range product certification and manufacturing taking centre stage. We are confident that we shall establish the first European joint venture during the second half of this year with a strong partner that enjoys immense access to European retailers to launch a buying office and wholesale business built on top of our enhanced merchandising platform.

CGL
CGL will leverage on its portfolio of unique lifestyle brands and focus on developing international distribution network. We expect that negotiations will regard CGL to develop a further stream of agency type business involving in franchising, licensing as well as started during the first half of the year will assist CGL to develop a further stream of agency type business involving in franchising, licensing as well as products buying and sourcing.

EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

At 30 June 2004, the Group had 1,194 employees, of which 192 were at CFSG Group and 921 at Pricerite Group. Our employees were remunerated according to their performance, working experience and market conditions. In addition to basic salaries and Mandatory Provident Fund schemes, we also offered staff benefits including medical schemes, discretionary share options, performance bonus and sales commission. The total amount of remuneration cost of employees of the Group for the period under review was approximately HK\$82.6 million. We continue to organise training to employees in areas such as continuous professional training programmes required by regulatory bodies, product knowledge, customer services, selling techniques, problem

solving, language training, time management, coaching, etc. DETAILED RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT ON THE WEBSITE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE

All the information required to be disclosed under paragraphs 46(1) to 46(6) of Appendix 16 of the Listing Rules (in force prior to 31 March 2004) will be published on the website of the Stock Exchange in due course.

On behalf of the Board Chairman & CEO

The Directors as at the date hereof are Mr Kwan Pak Hoo Bankee, Mr Law Ping Wah Bernard, Mr Wong Kin Yick Kenneth, Mr Miao Wen Hao Felix, Dr Chan Yau Ching Bob, Ms Kwok Oi Kuen Joan Elmond, Mr Law Ka Kin Eugene, Mr Li Yuen Cheuk Thomas, Mr Chan Hak Sin, Mr Leung Ka Kui Johnny and Mr Wong Chuk Yan.

Hong Kong, 18 August 2004